North Carolina Hospital Community Benefits Report

Hospital Name	Cape Fear Valley
Time Period	FY 2018
Community Benefits	
A. Estimated Costs of Treating Charity Care Patients*	19702000
B. Estimated unreimbursed costs of treating Medicare patients*	12290000
C. Includes an adjustment in this period's Medicare revenues for extraordinary adjustments ¹ of:	
D. Without this Medicare adjustment, Medicare losses would have been $(B + C)$:	12290000
E. Estimated unreimbursed costs of treating Medicaid patients*	25100000
F. Includes an adjustment in this period's Medicaid	
revenues for extraordinary adjustments ¹ of:	
G. Without this Medicaid adjustment, Medicaid losses would have been $(E + F)$:	25100000
H. Estimated unreimbursed costs of treating patients from other means-tested government programs *	
I. Includes an adjustment in this period's other meanstested government program revenues for extraordinary adjustments ¹ of:	
J. Without this adjustment, other means-tested gov. program losses would have been (H + I):	
K. Community health improvement services & community benefit operations	110000
L. Health professions education	5635000
M. Subsidized health services ²	5200000
N. Research costs	
O. Cash and in-kind contributions to community groups	545000

P. Community Building Activities ³	3813000
Q. Total Community Benefits ¹ with Settlements and Extraordinary Adjustments $(A + B + E + H + K + L + M + N + O + P)$	72395000
R. Total Community Benefits 1 without Settlements and Extraordinary Adjustments $(A+D+G+J+K+L+M+N+O+P)$	72395000

Bad Debt Costs

S. Estimated costs of treating bad debt patients* 39600000

Notes:

- (1) Notes about prior period adjustments
- (2) Notes about Subsidized health services
- (3) Notes about Community building activities

Additional Information:

Additional support received for any community benefit activities. These amounts have not been netted from Total Community Benefits.

URL with additional information about this community benefits report

Other Notes

* Footnotes:

The costing methodology or source used to determine payer costs is:

The ANDI methodology, which uses a facility-
wide ratio of cost to charges as described in
NCHA Community Benefits Guidelines.

____ An internal cost accounting system, adjusted for community benefit reporting.

- X An internal cost accounting system, adjusted for community benefit reporting, for all items except bad debt and charity care, which use in internal cost-to-charge ratio approach that is based on the methodology specified in the NCHA Community Benefits Guidelines.
- An internal cost-to-charge ratio approach that is based on the methodology specified in the NCHA Community Benefits Guidelines.

All costing methodologies do not double-count expenses reported in other community benefit items. For example, amounts reported in Subsidized Health Services do not also appear in Medicaid losses.

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