



North Carolina Office of Rural Health
North Carolina Quality Center

*CAH Quality Improvement Collaborative
Quarterly Meeting*

August 17, 2017



Agenda



- Welcome and Introductions
- Collaborative Review
- Hospital Presentations
- Speaker: Paul L. Rogers, MD
- Round Table Discussions
- Wrap-Up

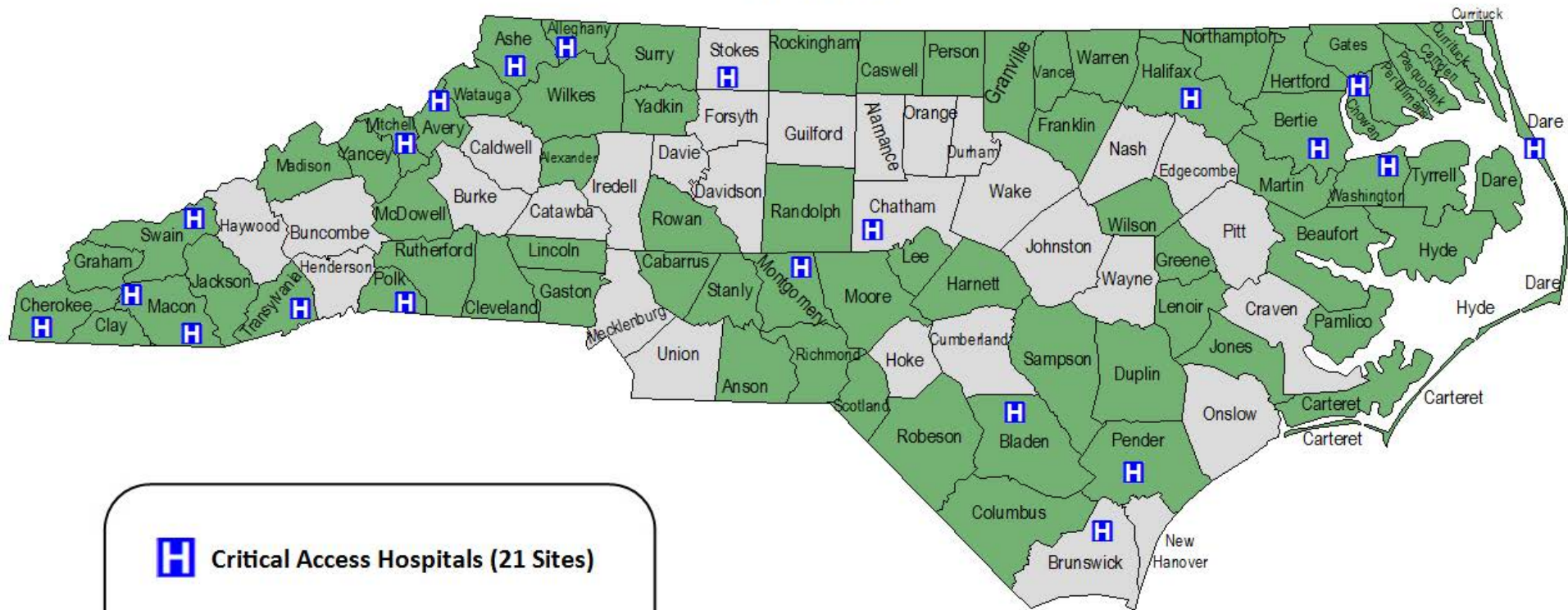


Collaborative Review

Angel
Murphy
LifeBriteStokes Bladen
FirstHealthMontgomery
WashingtonCountyAlleghany
BlueRidgeTransylvania
HighlandsChathamPender
CannonDoshierSt.Luke's



Critical Access Hospitals in NC



Critical Access Hospitals (21 Sites)



Rural County (70 Counties)



Urban County (30 Counties)



Rural Health
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

“Alone we can do so little; together we can do so much.”
- Helen Keller

Collaborative Goals

- Improve reporting and performance of MBQIP measures and HCAHPS scores.
- Create a community/network for the CAHs for sharing best practices, challenges and ideas.
- Improve the quality of patient care in the rural communities



Collaborative Dashboard

Measure	Reporting Notes	Measure Description	Measure type	Baseline from data available at program start: January 2016	Target by data available at program end: August 2018	Number of NC CAH Reporting	All NC CAH Average Current Quarter
OP-1		Median time to fibrinolysis	Number of minutes - Lower is better	33	25	3	20
OP-2		Fibrinolytic therapy received within 30 minutes	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	57%	73%	16	64%
OP-3		Median time to transfer to another facility for acute coronary intervention	Number of minutes - Lower is better	130	91	8	78
OP-5		Median time to ECG	Number of minutes - Lower is better	16	8	17	8
OP-20	First dates expected Q4 2015; reported May 1, 2016	Door to diagnostic evaluation by a qualified medical professional	Number of minutes - Lower is better	34	25	18	20
OP-21	First dates expected Q4 2015; reported May 1, 2016	Median time to pain management for long bone fracture	Number of minutes - Lower is better	58	44	15	47
OP-22	Full calendar year 2015 expected to be reported November 1, 2016	Patient left without being seen	Percent of Patients - Lower is better	2.20%	1.10%	15	2%



Collaborative Dashboard

Measure	Reporting Notes	Measure Description	Measure type	Baseline from data available at program start: January 2016	Target by data available at program end: August 2018	Number of NC CAH Reporting	All NC CAH Average Current Quarter
EDTC-SUB 1		Administrative Communication	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	99%	99%	18	100%
EDTC-SUB 2		Patient Information	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	88%	95%	18	100%
EDTC-SUB 3		Vital Signs	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	90%	95%	18	100%
EDTC-SUB 4		Medication information	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	89%	95%	18	98%
EDTC-SUB 5		Physician or practitioner generated information	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	89%	95%	18	99%
EDTC-SUB 6		Nurse generated information	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	82%	95%	18	98%
EDTC-SUB 7		Procedures and tests	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	99%	99%	18	100%



Collaborative Dashboard

Measure	Reporting Notes	Measure Description	Measure type	Baseline from data available at program start: January 2016	Target by data available at program end: August 2018	Number of NC CAH Reporting	All NC CAH Average Current Quarter
HCAHPS Composite 1		Communication with Nurses	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	80%	82%	17	81%
HCAHPS Composite 2		Communication with Doctors	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	83%	85%	17	83%
HCAHPS Composite 3		Responsiveness of Hospital Staff	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	67%	69%	17	67%
HCAHPS Composite 4		Pain Management	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	71%	73%	17	71%
HCAHPS Composite 5		Communication about Medicines	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	65%	67%	17	66%
HCAHPS Composite 6		Discharge Information	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	86%	88%	17	88%
HCAHPS Composite 7		Care Transitions	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	52%	54%	17	51%
HCAHPS Question 8		Cleanliness of Hospital Environment	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	72%	74%	17	72%
HCAHPS Question 9		Quietness of Hospital Environment	Percent of Patients - Higher is better	63%	65%	17	65%



MBQIP Additions

- Antibiotic Stewardship
 - Measured via CDC National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN) Annual Facility Survey
 - CAH's have four years (or by August, 2021) to fully implement antibiotic stewardship program following the CDC's 7 Core Elements
- Inpatient ED Measures: ED-1 and ED-2
 - Effective September 1, 2018



Antibiotic Stewardship Program

CDC 7 Core Elements

- **Leadership Commitment** – dedicating resources
- **Accountability** – single leader responsible for program outcomes
- **Drug Expertise** – single pharmacist leader
- **Action** – implementing at least one recommended action
- **Tracking** – monitoring prescribing and resistance patterns
- **Reporting** – regular information on antibiotic use and resistance
- **Education** – resistance and optimal prescribing



Inpatient ED Measures

ED-1:

- Median time from ED arrival to ED departure for admitted ED patients
- Reported to QualityNet via Inpatient CART/Vendor

ED-2:

- Admit decision time to ED departure time for admitted patients
- Reported to QualityNet via Inpatient CART/Vendor



Core MBQIP Measures

FY 2018 – 21: Medicare Beneficiary Quality Improvement Project (MBQIP) Measures

	Patient Safety/Inpatient	Patient Engagement	Care Transitions	Outpatient
Core/Required Improvement Initiatives	<p>OP-27: Influenza Vaccination Coverage Among Healthcare Personnel (HCP) <i>(Facilities report a single rate for inpatient and outpatient settings)</i></p> <p>IMM-2: Influenza Immunization for inpatients</p> <p>Antibiotic Stewardship: Measured via Center for Disease Control National Healthcare Safety Network (CDC NHSN) Annual Facility Survey</p> <p>Inpatient ED Measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ED-1: Median Time from ED Arrival to ED Departure for Admitted ED Patients ED-2: Admit Decision Time to ED Departure Time for Admitted Patients 	<p>Hospital Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (HCAHPS) <i>The HCAHPS survey contains 21 patient perspectives on care and patient rating items that encompass nine key topics:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Communication with Doctors Communication with Nurses Responsiveness of Hospital Staff Pain Management Communication about Medicines Discharge Information Cleanliness of the Hospital Environment Quietness of the Hospital Environment Transition of Care <p><i>The survey also includes four screener questions and seven demographic items. The survey is 32 questions in length.</i></p>	<p>Emergency Department Transfer Communication (EDTC) <i>7 sub-measures; 27 data elements; 1 composite</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> EDTC-1: Administrative Communication (2 data elements) EDTC-2: Patient Information (6 data elements) EDTC-3: Vital Signs (6 data elements) EDTC-4: Medication Information (3 data elements) EDTC-5: Physician or Practitioner Generated Information (2 data elements) EDTC-6: Nurse Generated Information (6 data elements) EDTC-7: Procedures and Tests (2 data elements) All-EDTC: Composite of All 27 data elements 	<p>Chest Pain/AMI:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> OP-1: Median Time to Fibrinolysis OP-2: Fibrinolytic Therapy Received within 30 minutes OP-3: Median Time to Transfer to another Facility for Acute Coronary Intervention OP-4: Aspirin at Arrival OP-5: Median Time to ECG <p>ED Throughput</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> OP-18: Median Time from ED Arrival to ED Departure for Discharged ED Patients OP-20: Door to Diagnostic Evaluation by a Qualified Medical Professional OP-22: Patient Left Without Being Seen <p>Pain Management</p> <p>OP-21: Median Time to Pain Management for Long Bone Fracture</p>

Additional MBQIP Measures

FY 2018 – 21: Medicare Beneficiary Quality Improvement Project (MBQIP) Measures

	Patient Safety/Inpatient	Patient Engagement	Care Transitions	Outpatient
Additional/ Optional Improvement Initiatives	Healthcare Acquired Infections (HAI) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLABSI: Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infection • CAUTI: Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection • CDI: <i>Clostridium difficile</i> (C. Diff) Infection • MRSA: Methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> • SSIs: Surgical Site Infections Colon or Hysterectomy 		Discharge Planning <i>Potential measurement TBD with FORHP</i>	Stroke <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OP-23: ED – Head CT or MRI Scan Results for Acute Ischemic Stroke or Hemorrhagic Stroke Patients who Received Head CT or MRI Scan Interpretation Within 45 Minutes of ED Arrival
	Perinatal Care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PC-01: Elective Delivery 		Medication Reconciliation <i>Potential measurement TBD with FORHP</i>	Surgery/Surgical Care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OP-25: Safe Surgery Checklist Use
	Pneumonia Proportion of patients hospitalized with Pneumonia – potentially avoidable complications		Reducing Readmissions <i>(Readmission measures are automatically calculated for hospitals using Medicare Administrative Claims Data)</i>	
	Falls Potential measurement around: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Falls with Injury • Patient Fall Rate • Screening for Future Fall Risk 		Swing Bed Care <i>Potential measurement TBD</i>	
	Adverse Drug Events (ADE) Potential measurement around: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opioids • Glycemic Control • Anticoagulant Therapy 			

HCAHPS Care Transitions Rapid Improvement Project



Whose Job Is It Anyway?

Understanding Your Care When You Left The Hospital

- Q23:** During this hospital stay, staff took my preferences and those of my family or caregiver into account in deciding what my health care needs would be when I left.
- Q24:** When I left the hospital, I had a good understanding of the things I was responsible for in managing my health.
- Q25:** When I left the hospital, I clearly understood the purpose for taking each of my medications.



Transition is a TEAM Sport

“Care transitions is a team sport, and yet all too often we don’t know who our teammates are, or how they can help.”

~ Eric A. Coleman, MD, MPH



Rapid Improvement Project

Goal: Improve HCAHPS score on Composite #7: Care Transitions

Project Objectives:

- Provide a statewide rapid-cycle project format with tools, education and coaching support to improve Care Transitions scores and positively impact patient outcomes
- Increase Quality Collaborative engagement through virtual and in-person opportunities:
 - Virtual network meetings, training and support using a variety of lean/QI tools
 - Mid-session face-to-face workshop
 - Completed project sharing opportunities
 - Poster presentation at Quarterly Meeting
 - NCQC CAH website





Project Schedule

Session 1: Define project scope (webinar)

Session 2: Analyze current state (webinar)

Session 3: In-person meetings – process mapping, issue prioritization, root cause analysis

Session 4: Solution – right side of the A3 (webinar)

Session 5: Report out – share successes (webinar)

Quality Collaborative Quarterly Meeting poster presentation

